

US-African Relations

- I. Post World War II Africa
 - A. End of Colonialism and the beginning of self determination
- II. Democratic Republic of Congo –formerly Zaire
 - A. Independence (1960) from Belgium
 1. Belgium kept control of the Katanga Province –copper mines
 - B. Prime Minister Patrice Lumumba –won first democratic election (1960)
 1. Turned to United Nations then the Soviet Union
 - C. Project Wizard –President Eisenhower assisted the Belgians overthrow Lumumba
 - D. Joseph Mobutu (1965-1997) –renamed country Zaire (1971)
 - E. Results of the Reign of Mobutu
- III. Peace Corps –created by President Kennedy
 - A. Ghana and Tanzania –first countries to benefit from the Peace Corps
- IV. Angola –Cold War and Oil Issues
 - A. Nixon –sent \$32 million in aid to help non-communist factions
 - B. Ford –Congress denied \$25 million in aid to Angola
- V. Jimmy Carter and “African solutions for African problems”
 - A. Reasons -Human Rights, Cold War, Political, and Economic
 - B. South Africa –fighting Apartheid (1948 – 1994) -F.W. de Klerk and Nelson Mandela
 - C. Nigeria –tried the most to develop friendly relations
 - D. Results of Carter’s African-American emphasis
- VI. Somalia: A Case Study of US-Somali Relations
 - A. Independence (1960)
 - B. Somali President Siad Barre (1969 – 1991)
 - C. Somali-Ethiopia War (1977-1978) –US successful mediation
 - D. Civil War and famine (1991 – 1992) –over 300,000 died and 1.5 million suffered
 - E. President George H.W. Bush responded
 1. UN Operation Provide Relief (August 1992)
 2. Operation Restore Hope (December 1992)
 - F. Mohamed Farah Aidid –Somali’s worst warlord
 - G. President Bill Clinton’s problem
 1. Operation Gothic Serpent –led by General William Garrison
 - H. The Battle of Mogadishu (October 3-4, 1993)
 1. The Battle Plan
 2. Fighting US conventional tactics
 3. “Blackhawk Down” -2 were shot down
 4. UN convoy and the Mogadishu Mile
 5. Results of the Battle of Mogadishu
 - A. Presidential Decision Directive 25
 - I. Somali Pirates
 1. Maersk Alabama and Captain Richard Phillips
 2. Obama’s Directive –use force if necessary
 3. NATO Operation: Ocean Shield (2012) -34% decrease in piracy
 - J. Ibrahim’s Good Governance Ranking for Africa

- VII. United Nations and Human Rights
 - A. General Assembly (192)
 - B. Security Council (15)
 - 1. Permanent Members (5)
 - 2. Non-Permanent Members (10)
 - C. United Nations General Secretary Ban Ki-moon (South Korea)

- VIII. Bill Clinton and Africa
 - A. Operation Gothic Serpent (October 3-4, 1993) -Somalia
 - B. Rwanda –Hutu vs. Tutsi –over 800,000 people killed in 89 days –July 1994 sent troops
 - 1. Clinton Doctrine passed after Rwanda –stop genocide
 - C. Attacks on American Embassies (August 7, 1998)
 - 1. Dar es Salaam, Tanzania -213 killed, 4,000 wounded
 - 2. Nairobi, Kenya -11 killed, 77 wounded
 - D. Operation Infinite Reach (August 20, 1998) -missile attacks on Afghanistan and Sudan
 - E. Results of Clinton’s African policy

- IX. George W. Bush and Africa
 - A. AfriCom established (2007) –US African Command –based Stuttgart, Germany
 - B. President’s Emergency Plan for AIDS Relief (PEPFAR) -\$15 billion
 - C. Darfur, Sudan and Genocide –over 300,000 people have been killed
 - 1. Death Toll –over 300,000 killed
 - 2. Refugee Problem -2.7 million
 - 3. Secretary of State Colin Powell
 - 4. President Omar al-Bashir –wanted international criminal
 - 5. South Sudan Independence –July 9, 2011
 - D. Results of GW’s African policy

- X. Barack Obama and Africa
 - A. Ghana Speech (June 11, 2009)
 - B. Sudan –genocide in Darfur declining

- XI. Africa Today

- XII. Map Questions –Africa (14)

Assignments

- 1. * Paper #9 (10): US-African Autobiographies
- 2. Test #6 (60): American-African Relations
- 3. * Debate #6 (50): Sudan and Genocide
- 4. * Evaluation Paper #5 (10): Sudan and Genocide

* Assignments are not required for all students

Paper #9: US-African Autobiographies
(10 points)

Write the title for 5 autobiographies for any 5 people from the US-African chapter. Then explain in 3-4 sentences the reasoning for the selection of the title. Try to incorporate historical facts and examples in each explanation.